



**Star  
Home  
Inspection Services**

*Home Inspection Report*

**5507 W 147th Terr, Overland Park, KS 66223**

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**Inspection Date: 2/18/2009**

**Prepared For: Jake Orion**

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**Report Number: 02182009-1L**

**Inspector: Larry Carter**



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# Report Overview

## THE HOUSE IN PERSPECTIVE

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This is a well built home. As with all homes, ongoing maintenance is required and improvements to the systems of the home will be needed over time. *The improvements that are recommended in this report are not considered unusual for a home of this age and location.* Please remember that there is no such thing as a perfect home.

## CONVENTIONS USED IN THIS REPORT

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For your convenience, the following conventions have been used in this report.

**Major Concern:** a system or component which is considered significantly deficient or is unsafe. Significant deficiencies need to be corrected and, except for some safety items, are likely to involve significant expense.

**Safety Issue:** denotes a condition that is unsafe and in need of prompt attention.

**Repair:** denotes a system or component which is missing or which needs corrective action to assure proper and reliable function.

**Improve:** denotes improvements which are recommended but not required.

**Monitor:** denotes a system or component needing further investigation and/or monitoring in order to determine if repairs are necessary.

Please note that those observations listed under “Discretionary Improvements” are not essential repairs, but represent logical long term improvements.

- For the purpose of this report, it is assumed that the house faces east.

## IMPROVEMENT RECOMMENDATION HIGHLIGHTS / SUMMARY

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The following is a synopsis of the potentially significant improvements that should be budgeted for over the short term. Other significant improvements, outside the scope of this inspection, may also be necessary. Please refer to the body of this report for further details on these and other recommendations.

**All issues found in this report should be addressed with the appropriate parties to make any improvements, corrections or repairs necessary. All improvements, corrections and repairs should meet the satisfaction of the client named on this report and the inspection agreement associated with this report prior to closing. This report and the findings listed herein are intended for the client only and is not transferable without a signed written agreement.**

**Comments in Red are made by seller on 3/2/2009**

### Foundation

- **Monitor:** Common minor settlement cracks were observed in the foundation walls. This implies that some structural movement of the building has occurred. Cracks of this type should be watched for any sign of additional movement. In the absence of any sign of ongoing movement, repair should not be necessary.
- **Monitor:** The basement floor slab has typical cracks usually the result of shrinkage and/or settling of the slab as it cures. Shrinkage cracks are very common and are not normally a concern.

### Floors

- **Monitor:** Construction mold was visible on some floor joists. This is mold that grows on the lumber while lying in the weather during construction as evidenced by the strap marks. Most homes have some level of this mold and it goes dormant once removed from the elements and normally does not present any problems. If desired it can be mitigated easily.

### Sloped Roofing

- **Monitor. Repair:** The life expectancy of wood roofs is generally 15 to 20 years. This will depend on several factors such as the quality of shingle or shake, the slope of the roof (steeper is better), the amount of exposed shingle, and the amount of sun or shade. As with all roofs, annual maintenance is needed. Cracked, curled, or displaced shingles or shakes should be repaired. As a rule of thumb, replacement of the entire roof covering may be logical if more than ten

percent of the wood roof requires repair. One shingle at the top ridge appears to be missing and the black felt sheathing is exposed. It's recommended this be repaired to prevent leaking.

### Gutters & Downspouts

- **Monitor, Repair:** A couple of splash pans under the downspouts are broken. Repair is discretionary.

### Exterior Walls

- **Repair:** The paint on the trim around the rear doors is peeling. These areas should be painted to prevent water damage and rot. Caulking is also needed around the rear door and stucco wall. **Repaired**
- **Repair:** Caulking is needed under the front bedroom window. **Repaired**
- **Monitor, Note:** While stucco is an aesthetically appealing and maintenance free product, it has a tendency to present moisture issues, especially when not applied properly or when the surface has been compromised. Testing for moisture using invasive methods (probing) is not part of this inspection. There were no visible signs during the inspection that raises any concerns.

### Windows

- **Repair:** The front window frames require painting and caulking. **Repaired**

### Garage

- **Monitor, Repair, Safety Issue:** The garage door opener did not automatically reverse under resistance to closing. *There is a serious risk of injury, particularly to children, under this condition.* It's possible this model does not have this feature. The door does reverse with the safety sensors.
- **Monitor:** The garage floor slab has typical cracks usually the result of shrinkage and/or settling of the slab as it cures. Shrinkage cracks are very common and are not normally a concern.

### Main Panel

- **Repair:** Oversized breaker within the main distribution panel for the air condition should be replaced. The data plate on the unit specifies a maximum breaker size of 30 Amps one in the panel is 35 Amps. **Repaired**

### Switches

- **Repair:** Missing switch cover plates should be replaced to avoid a shock hazard. **Repaired**

### Furnace

- **Improve:** The dirty air filters should be replaced.

### Plumbing Fixtures

- **Repair:** The shower diverter knob in the north bathroom is inoperative and needs repair. **Repaired**
- **Monitor, Repair:** The southeast bedroom bath sink was observed to drain slowly, suggesting that an obstruction may exist.
- **Repair:** The toilet seats are loose in the southeast and north bathrooms. **Repaired**
- **Improve:** Cracked, deteriorated and/or missing bathtub enclosure grout around the top edge of the bathtub in the north bathroom could be improved.
- **Repair:** The north hose bib is leaking from the anti-siphon cap. **Repaired**
- **Repair:** The south hose bib is leaking from the stem behind the handle. **Repaired**
- **Repair:** The trim around the bathtub and shower in the southeast bedroom bath and north bath needs to be painted. **Repaired**

### Wall / Ceiling Finishes

- **Monitor:** Typical drywall flaws were observed that could include loose tape, minor cracks, rough seams, peeling paper, nail popping, minor patching, etc. Any repairs would be discretionary.

### Floors

- **Monitor, Repair:** The carpet has typical minor stains.

### Windows

- **Monitor, Repair:** The paint is peeling on the interior window trim in the breakfast room, living room and dining room. There are no signs of leaking and may be a result of poor finishing.
- **Monitor, Repair:** The left window in the front office needs caulking.

### Doors

- **Repair:** Door to the southeast bedroom should be adjusted as necessary to latch properly. **Repaired**

### Basement Leakage

- **Monitor:** No evidence of moisture penetration was visible in the basement at the time of the inspection. *It should be understood that it is impossible to predict whether moisture penetration will pose a problem in the future.* The vast majority of basement leakage problems are the result of insufficient control of storm water at the surface. The ground around the house should be sloped to encourage water to flow away from the foundation. Gutters and downspouts should act to collect roof water and drain the water at least five (5) feet from the foundation or into a functional storm sewer. Downspouts that are clogged or broken below grade level, or that discharge too close to the foundation are the most common source of basement leakage. Please refer to the Roofing and Exterior sections of the report for more information.  
In the event that basement leakage problems are experienced, lot and roof drainage improvements should be undertaken as a first step. Please beware of contractors who recommend expensive solutions. Excavation, damp-proofing and/or the installation of drainage tiles should be a last resort. In some cases, however, it is necessary. Your plans for using the basement may also influence the approach taken to curing any dampness that is experienced.

## THE SCOPE OF THE INSPECTION

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All components designated for inspection in the ASHI® Standards of Practice are inspected, except as may be noted in the "Limitations of Inspection" sections within this report.

It is the goal of the inspection to put a home buyer in a better position to make a buying decision. Not all improvements will be identified during this inspection. Unexpected repairs should still be anticipated. The inspection should not be considered a guarantee or warranty of any kind.

This inspection is visual only. A representative sample of building components are viewed in areas that are accessible at the time of the inspection. No destructive testing or dismantling of building components is performed.

Please refer to the pre-inspection contract for a full explanation of the scope of the inspection.

### WEATHER CONDITIONS

Dry weather conditions prevailed at the time of the inspection.

The estimated outside temperature was 38 degrees F.

### RECENT WEATHER CONDITIONS

Weather conditions leading up to the inspection have been relatively dry.

# Structure

## DESCRIPTION OF STRUCTURE

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<b>Foundation:</b>	•Poured Concrete •Basement Configuration
<b>Columns:</b>	•Steel
<b>Floor Structure:</b>	•Wood Joist
<b>Wall Structure:</b>	•Wood Frame
<b>Ceiling Structure:</b>	•Joist
<b>Roof Structure:</b>	•Rafters •Spaced Plank Sheathing

## STRUCTURE OBSERVATIONS

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### Positive Attributes

The construction of the home is good quality. The materials and workmanship, where visible, are good. The visible joist spans appear to be within typical construction practices. The inspection did not discover evidence of substantial structural movement.

### General Comments

No major defects were observed in the accessible structural components of the house. No repair to structural components is necessary at this time.

### RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

#### Foundation

- **Monitor:** Common minor settlement cracks were observed in the foundation walls. This implies that some structural movement of the building has occurred. Cracks of this type should be watched for any sign of additional movement. In the absence of any sign of ongoing movement, repair should not be necessary.
- **Monitor:** The basement floor slab has typical cracks usually the result of shrinkage and/or settling of the slab as it cures. Shrinkage cracks are very common and are not normally a concern.

#### Floors

- **Monitor:** Construction mold was visible on some floor joists. This is mold that grows on the lumber while lying in the weather during construction as evidenced by the strap marks. Most homes have some level of this mold and it goes dormant once removed from the elements and normally does not present any problems. If desired it can be mitigated easily.



## **LIMITATIONS OF STRUCTURE INSPECTION**

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As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- Structural components concealed behind finished surfaces could not be inspected.
- Only a representative sampling of visible structural components were inspected.
- Furniture and/or storage restricted access to some structural components.
- Engineering or architectural services such as calculation of structural capacities, adequacy, or integrity are not part of a home inspection.

Please also refer to the pre-inspection contract for a detailed explanation of the scope of this inspection.

# Roofing

## DESCRIPTION OF ROOFING

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<b>Roof Covering:</b>	•Wood Shingle
<b>Roof Flashings:</b>	•Metal
<b>Chimneys:</b>	•Metal below siding
<b>Roof Drainage System:</b>	•Aluminum •Downspouts discharge above & below grade
<b>Skylights:</b>	•None
<b>Method of Inspection:</b>	•Walked on roof

## ROOFING OBSERVATIONS

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### Positive Attributes

The roof coverings are to be in generally good condition. The installation of the roofing materials has been performed in a professional manner. The quality of the installation is above average. Better than average quality materials have been employed as roof coverings. The steep pitch of the roof should result in a longer than normal life expectancy for roof coverings. Roof flashing details appear to be in good order. The gutters are clean.

### General Comments

In all, the roof coverings show evidence of normal wear and tear for a home of this age.

### RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

#### Sloped Roofing

- **Monitor. Repair:** The life expectancy of wood roofs is generally 15 to 20 years. This will depend on several factors such as the quality of shingle or shake, the slope of the roof (steeper is better), the amount of exposed shingle, and the amount of sun or shade. As with all roofs, annual maintenance is needed. Cracked, curled, or displaced shingles or shakes should be repaired. As a rule of thumb, replacement of the entire roof covering may be logical if more than ten percent of the wood roof requires repair. One shingle at the top ridge appears to be missing and the black felt sheathing is exposed. It's recommended this be repaired to prevent leaking.



### Gutters & Downspouts

- **Monitor, Repair:** A couple of splash pans under the downspouts are broken. Repair is discretionary.



## LIMITATIONS OF ROOFING INSPECTION

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As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- Not all of the underside of the roof sheathing is inspected for evidence of leaks.
- Evidence of prior leaks may be disguised by interior finishes.
- Estimates of remaining roof life are approximations only and do not preclude the possibility of leakage. Leakage can develop at any time and may depend on rain intensity, wind direction, ice build up, and other factors.
- Antennae, chimney/flue interiors which are not readily accessible are not inspected and could require repair.
- Roof inspection may be limited by access, condition, weather, or other safety concerns.

Please also refer to the pre-inspection contract for a detailed explanation of the scope of this inspection.

# Exterior

## DESCRIPTION OF EXTERIOR

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<b>Wall Covering:</b>	•Stucco •Stone
<b>Eaves, Soffits, And Fascias:</b>	•Wood
<b>Exterior Doors:</b>	•Metal
<b>Window/Door Frames and Trim:</b>	•Wood •Vinyl Clad
<b>Entry Driveways:</b>	•Concrete
<b>Entry Walkways And Patios:</b>	•Concrete
<b>Porches, Decks, Steps, Railings:</b>	•Concrete •Wood
<b>Overhead Garage Door(s):</b>	•Metal •Automatic Opener Installed
<b>Surface Drainage:</b>	•Level Grade •Graded Away From House
<b>Retaining Walls:</b>	•None
<b>Fencing:</b>	•None

## EXTERIOR OBSERVATIONS

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### Positive Attributes

The exterior siding that has been installed on the house is relatively low maintenance. Window frames are clad, for the most part, with a low maintenance material. There is no significant wood/soil contact around the perimeter of the house, thereby reducing the risk of insect infestation or rot. The driveway and walkways are in good condition. The garage appears to be fully insulated. The garage completely finished. Freeze resistant hose bibs (exterior faucets) have been installed.

### General Comments

The exterior of the home is generally in good condition. The exterior of the home shows normal wear and tear for a home of this age.

## RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

### Exterior Walls

- **Repair:** The paint on the trim around the rear doors is peeling. These areas should be painted to prevent water damage and rot. Caulking is also needed around the rear door and stucco wall. **Repaired**





- **Repair:** Caulking is needed under the front bedroom window. **Repaired**



- **Monitor, Note:** While stucco is an aesthetically appealing and maintenance free product, it has a tendency to present moisture issues, especially when not applied properly or when the surface has been compromised. Testing for moisture using invasive methods (probing) is not part of this inspection. There were no visible signs during the inspection that raises any concerns.

#### Windows

- **Repair:** The front window frames require painting and caulking. **Repaired**



### Garage

- **Monitor, Repair, Safety Issue:** The garage door opener did not automatically reverse under resistance to closing. *There is a serious risk of injury, particularly to children, under this condition.* It's possible this model does not have this feature. The door does reverse with the safety sensors.
- **Monitor:** The garage floor slab has typical cracks usually the result of shrinkage and/or settling of the slab as it cures. Shrinkage cracks are very common and are not normally a concern.

## LIMITATIONS OF EXTERIOR INSPECTION

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As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- A representative sample of exterior components was inspected rather than every occurrence of components.
- The inspection does not include an assessment of geological, geotechnical, or hydrological conditions, or environmental hazards.
- Screening, shutters, awnings, or similar seasonal accessories, fences, recreational facilities, outbuildings, seawalls, break-walls, docks, erosion control and earth stabilization measures are not inspected unless specifically agreed-upon and documented in this report.

Please also refer to the pre-inspection contract for a detailed explanation of the scope of this inspection.

# Electrical

## DESCRIPTION OF ELECTRICAL

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<b>Size of Electrical Service:</b>	•120/240 Volt Main Service - Service Size: 200 Amps
<b>Service Drop:</b>	•Underground
<b>Service Entrance Conductors:</b>	•Aluminum
<b>Service Equipment &amp; Main Disconnects:</b>	•Main Service Rating 200 Amps •Breakers •Located: Basement
<b>Service Grounding:</b>	•Copper •Water Pipe Connection •Ground Rod Connection
<b>Service Panel &amp; Overcurrent Protection:</b>	•Panel Rating: 200 Amp •Breakers •Located: Basement
<b>Distribution Wiring:</b>	•Copper
<b>Wiring Method:</b>	• Non-Metallic Cable "Romex"
<b>Switches &amp; Receptacles:</b>	•Grounded
<b>Ground Fault Circuit Interrupters:</b>	•Bathroom(s) •Whirlpool •Exterior •Garage •Kitchen •Basement
<b>Smoke Detectors:</b>	•Present

## ELECTRICAL OBSERVATIONS

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### Positive Attributes

The size of the electrical service is sufficient for typical single family needs. The electrical panel is well arranged and all fuses/breakers are properly sized. Generally speaking, the electrical system is in good order. All outlets and light fixtures that were tested operated satisfactorily. The distribution of electricity within the home is good. All 3-prong outlets that were tested were appropriately grounded. Ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) devices have been provided in some areas of the home. These devices are extremely valuable, as they offer an extra level of shock protection. All GFCI's that were tested responded properly. Dedicated 220 volt circuits have been provided for all 220 volt appliances within the home. All visible wiring within the home is copper. This is a good quality electrical conductor.

### General Comments

Inspection of the electrical system did not reveal the need for improvement.

## RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

### Main Panel

- **Repair:** Oversized breaker within the main distribution panel for the air condition should be replaced. The data plate on the unit specifies a maximum breaker size of 30 Amps one in the panel is 35 Amps. **Repaired**

### Switches

- **Repair:** Missing switch cover plates should be replaced to avoid a shock hazard. **Repaired**



## **LIMITATIONS OF ELECTRICAL INSPECTION**

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As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- Electrical components concealed behind finished surfaces are not inspected.
- Only a representative sampling of outlets and light fixtures were tested.
- Furniture and/or storage restricted access to some electrical components which may not be inspected.
- The inspection does not include remote control devices, alarm systems and components, low voltage wiring, systems, and components, ancillary wiring, systems, and other components which are not part of the primary electrical power distribution system.

Please also refer to the pre-inspection contract for a detailed explanation of the scope of this inspection.

# Heating

## DESCRIPTION OF HEATING

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<b>Energy Source:</b>	•Gas
<b>Heating System Type:</b>	•Forced Air Furnace •Manufacturer: Trane •Serial Number: Z205JJW1G Z495MUJ2G
<b>Vents, Flues, Chimneys:</b>	•Metal-Single Wall
<b>Heat Distribution Methods:</b>	•Ductwork

## HEATING OBSERVATIONS

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### Positive Attributes

The heating system is in generally good condition. Adequate heating capacity is provided by the system. Heat distribution within the home is adequate. The heating system is controlled by a “set back” thermostat. This type of thermostat, if set up correctly, helps reduce heating costs. The distribution of heat is divided into “zones,” allowing for greater ease of balancing heat flow.

### General Comments

The heating system shows no visible evidence of major defects. No repairs to the heating system are necessary at this time.

## RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

### Furnace

- **Improve:** The dirty air filters should be replaced.

## LIMITATIONS OF HEATING INSPECTION

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As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- The adequacy of heat supply or distribution balance is not inspected.
- The interior of flues or chimneys which are not readily accessible are not inspected.
- The furnace heat exchanger, humidifier, or dehumidifier, and electronic air filters are not inspected.
- Solar space heating equipment/systems are not inspected.

Please also refer to the pre-inspection contract for a detailed explanation of the scope of this inspection.

# Cooling / Heat Pumps

## DESCRIPTION OF COOLING / HEAT PUMPS

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<b>Energy Source:</b>	•Electricity
<b>Central System Type:</b>	•Air Cooled Central Air Conditioning •Manufacturer: Trane •Serial Number: 2371WYW5F 23328U15F
<b>Size of Circuit:</b>	•Circuit Size: Minimum Circuit Size 17 & 20 Amps/Maximum Circuit Breaker Size 30 Amps •Breaker Size In Main Panel: 30 & 35 Amps
<b>Through-Wall Equipment:</b>	•Not Present

## COOLING / HEAT PUMPS OBSERVATIONS

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### Positive Attributes

The capacity and configuration of the system should be sufficient for the home. The location of the return air vents is well suited to air conditioning.

### RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

## LIMITATIONS OF COOLING / HEAT PUMPS INSPECTION

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As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- Window mounted air conditioning units are not inspected.
- The cooling supply adequacy or distribution balance are not inspected.
- **The air conditioning system could not be tested as the outdoor temperature was below 60 degrees F.**

Please also refer to the pre-inspection contract for a detailed explanation of the scope of this inspection.

# Insulation / Ventilation

## DESCRIPTION OF INSULATION / VENTILATION

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<b>Attic Insulation:</b>	•Loose Fiberglass/Mineral Wool in Main Attic
<b>Exterior Wall Insulation:</b>	•Not Visible
<b>Basement Wall Insulation:</b>	•None Visible
<b>Vapor Retarders:</b>	•Unknown
<b>Roof Ventilation:</b>	•Roof Vents •Soffit Vents
<b>Exhaust Fan/vent Locations:</b>	•Bathroom •Dryer

## INSULATION / VENTILATION OBSERVATIONS

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### Positive Attributes

Insulation levels are typical for a home of this age and construction.

### General Comments

Upgrading insulation levels in a home is an improvement rather than a necessary repair.

## RECOMMENDATIONS / ENERGY SAVING SUGGESTIONS

## LIMITATIONS OF INSULATION / VENTILATION INSPECTION

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As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- Insulation/ventilation type and levels in concealed areas are not inspected. Insulation and vapor barriers are not disturbed and no destructive tests (such as cutting openings in walls to look for insulation) are performed.
- Potentially hazardous materials such as Asbestos and Urea Formaldehyde Foam Insulation (UFFI) cannot be positively identified without a detailed inspection and laboratory analysis. This is beyond the scope of the inspection.
- An analysis of indoor air quality is not part of our inspection unless explicitly contracted-for and discussed in this or a separate report.
- Any estimates of insulation R values or depths are rough average values.

Please also refer to the pre-inspection contract for a detailed explanation of the scope of this inspection.

# Plumbing

## DESCRIPTION OF PLUMBING

<b>Water Supply Source:</b>	•Public Water Supply
<b>Service Pipe to House:</b>	•Copper
<b>Main Water Valve Location:</b>	•Front Wall of Basement
<b>Interior Supply Piping:</b>	•Copper •Plastic
<b>Waste System:</b>	•Public Sewer System
<b>Drain, Waste, &amp; Vent Piping:</b>	•Plastic
<b>Water Heater:</b>	•Gas •Approximate Capacity (in gallons): 80 •Manufacturer: Bradford White •Serial Number: YH1910307 YF1669679
<b>Fuel Shut-Off Valves:</b>	•Natural Gas Main Valve At Meter
<b>Other Components:</b>	•Sump Pump

## PLUMBING OBSERVATIONS

### Positive Attributes

The plumbing system is in generally good condition. The piping system within the home, for both supply and waste, is a good quality system. The water pressure supplied to the fixtures is reasonably good. A typical drop in flow was experienced when two fixtures were operated simultaneously. The plumbing fixtures appear to have been well-maintained. The water heater is a relatively new unit. As the typical life expectancy of water heaters is 7 to 12 years, this unit should have several years of remaining life.

### RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

#### Plumbing Fixtures

- **Repair:** The shower diverter knob in the north bathroom is inoperative and needs repair. **Repaired**
- **Monitor, Repair:** The southeast bedroom bath sink was observed to drain slowly, suggesting that an obstruction may exist.
- **Repair:** The toilet seats are loose in the southeast and north bathrooms. **Repaired**
- **Improve:** Cracked, deteriorated and/or missing bathtub enclosure grout around the top edge of the bathtub in the north bathroom could be improved.



- **Repair:** The north hose bib is leaking from the anti-siphon cap. **Repaired**



- **Repair:** The south hose bib is leaking from the stem behind the handle. **Repaired**



- **Repair:** The trim around the bathtub and shower in the southeast bedroom bath and north bath needs to be painted. **Repaired**



## **LIMITATIONS OF PLUMBING INSPECTION**

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As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions:

- Portions of the plumbing system concealed by finishes and/or storage (below sinks, etc.), below the structure, or beneath the ground surface are not inspected.
- Water quantity and water quality are not tested unless explicitly contracted-for and discussed in this or a separate report.
- Clothes washing machine connections are not inspected.
- Interiors of flues or chimneys which are not readily accessible are not inspected.
- Water conditioning systems, solar water heaters, fire and lawn sprinkler systems, and private waste disposal systems are not inspected unless explicitly contracted-for and discussed in this or a separate report.

Please also refer to the pre-inspection contract for a detailed explanation of the scope of this inspection.

# Interior

## DESCRIPTION OF INTERIOR

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<b>Wall And Ceiling Materials:</b>	•Drywall
<b>Floor Surfaces:</b>	•Carpet •Tile •Wood
<b>Window Type(s) &amp; Glazing:</b>	•Casement •Fixed Pane
<b>Doors:</b>	•Plastic-Hollow Core •Storm Door(s)

## INTERIOR OBSERVATIONS

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### General Condition of Interior Finishes

On the whole, the interior finishes of the home are in above average condition. Typical minor flaws were observed in some areas.

### General Condition of Windows and Doors

The majority of the doors and windows are good quality. The windows have, for the most part, been well-maintained.

### General Condition of Floors

The floors of the home are relatively level and walls are relatively plumb.

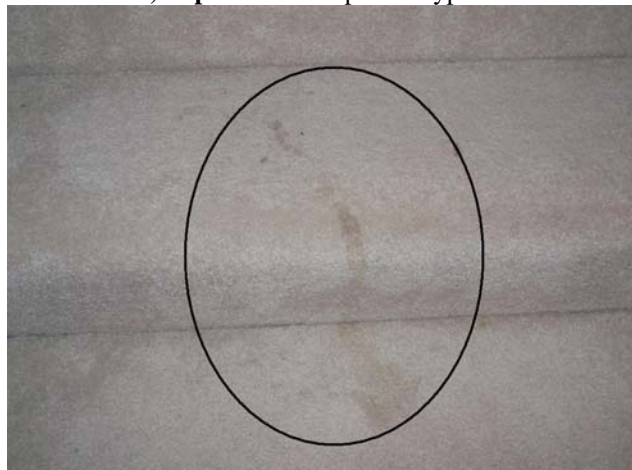
## RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

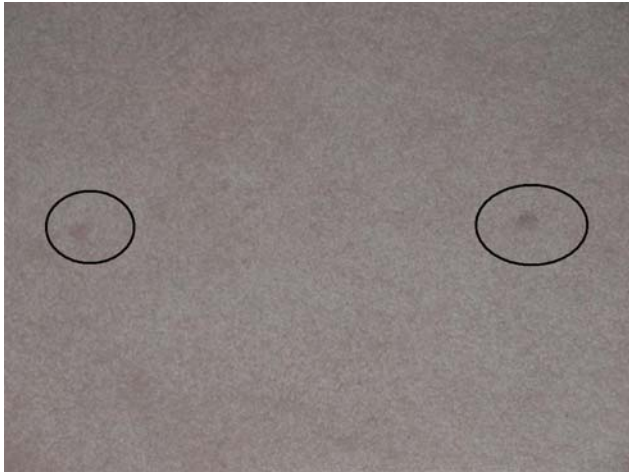
### Wall / Ceiling Finishes

- **Monitor:** Typical drywall flaws were observed that could include loose tape, minor cracks, rough seams, peeling paper, nail popping, minor patching, etc. Any repairs would be discretionary.

### Floors

- **Monitor, Repair:** The carpet has typical minor stains.



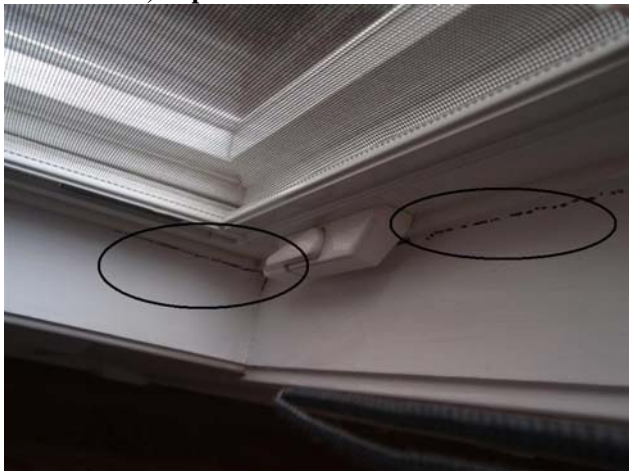


**Windows**

- **Monitor, Repair:** The paint is peeling on the interior window trim in the breakfast room, living room and dining room. There are no signs of leaking and may be a result of poor finishing.



- **Monitor, Repair:** The left window in the front office needs caulking.



### Doors

- **Repair:** Door to the southeast bedroom should be adjusted as necessary to latch properly. **Repaired**

### Basement Leakage

- **Monitor:** No evidence of moisture penetration was visible in the basement at the time of the inspection. *It should be understood that it is impossible to predict whether moisture penetration will pose a problem in the future.* The vast majority of basement leakage problems are the result of insufficient control of storm water at the surface. The ground around the house should be sloped to encourage water to flow away from the foundation. Gutters and downspouts should act to collect roof water and drain the water at least five (5) feet from the foundation or into a functional storm sewer. Downspouts that are clogged or broken below grade level, or that discharge too close to the foundation are the most common source of basement leakage. Please refer to the Roofing and Exterior sections of the report for more information.

In the event that basement leakage problems are experienced, lot and roof drainage improvements should be undertaken as a first step. Please beware of contractors who recommend expensive solutions. Excavation, damp-proofing and/or the installation of drainage tiles should be a last resort. In some cases, however, it is necessary. Your plans for using the basement may also influence the approach taken to curing any dampness that is experienced.

### Discretionary Improvements

Install new exterior lock sets upon taking possession of the home.

## LIMITATIONS OF INTERIOR INSPECTION

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As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions

- Furniture, storage, appliances and/or wall hangings are not moved to permit inspection and may block defects.
- Carpeting, window treatments, central vacuum systems, household appliances, recreational facilities, paint, wallpaper, and other finish treatments are not inspected.
- The adequacy of the fireplace draw cannot be determined during a visual inspection.

Please also refer to the pre-inspection contract for a detailed explanation of the scope of this inspection.

# Appliances

## DESCRIPTION OF APPLIANCES

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<b>Appliances Tested:</b>	•Built-in Electric Oven •Gas Cooktop •Microwave Oven •Dishwasher
<b>Laundry Facility:</b>	•Waste Disposer •Refrigerator
<b>Other Components Tested:</b>	•Dryer Vented to Building Exterior •Hot and Cold Water Supply for Washer •Waste Standpipe for Washer •Door Bell

## APPLIANCES OBSERVATIONS

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### Positive Attributes

The appliances are to be in generally good condition. All appliances that were tested responded satisfactorily. The kitchen and laundry facilities are well organized. The kitchen cabinetry is above average quality. The fixtures employed in the kitchen are high quality. The appliances that have been installed in the kitchen are good quality.

### RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

## LIMITATIONS OF APPLIANCES INSPECTION

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As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions

- Thermostats, timers and other specialized features and controls are not tested.
- The temperature calibration, functionality of timers, effectiveness, efficiency and overall performance of appliances is outside the scope of this inspection.

Please also refer to the pre-inspection contract for a detailed explanation of the scope of this inspection.

# Fireplaces / Wood Stoves

## DESCRIPTION OF FIREPLACES / WOOD STOVES

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**Fireplaces:** •Gas  
**Vents, Flues, Chimneys:** •Metal Flue-Single Wall

## FIREPLACES / WOOD STOVES OBSERVATIONS

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### Positive Attributes

On the whole, the fireplace and it's components are in above average condition.

### RECOMMENDATIONS / OBSERVATIONS

## LIMITATIONS OF FIREPLACES / WOOD STOVES INSPECTION

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As we have discussed and as described in your inspection contract, this is a visual inspection limited in scope by (but not restricted to) the following conditions

- The interiors of flues or chimneys are not inspected.
- Firescreens, fireplace doors, appliance gaskets and seals, automatic fuel feed devices, mantles and fireplace surrounds, combustion make-up air devices, and heat distribution assists (gravity or fan-assisted) are not inspected.
- The inspection does not involve igniting or extinguishing fires nor the determination of draft.
- Fireplace inserts, stoves, or firebox contents are not moved.
- The adequacy of the fireplace draw is not determined during a visual inspection; for safety reasons, if no fire is burning we do not ignite fires nor light paper or other materials.

### Other Fireplace/Stove Components Not Inspected:

- Interiors of flues or chimneys

Please also refer to the pre-inspection contract for a detailed explanation of the scope of this inspection.